

Artificial Crop Protection Structure and Shelterbelt Guidance

This document provides guidance on artificial crop protection structures and shelterbelts.

Definitions

Artificial crop protection structures are structures with material (cloth) used to protect crops and/or enhance growth.

Shelterbelt is a line of trees or shrubs planted to protect an area, especially a field of crops, from weather.

Shelter is strongly recommended

Artificial crop protection structures (ACPS) and shelterbelts are widely recognised and used as best practices for protecting crops from adverse weather, pests, disease, and for mitigating spray drift.

Most district plans have rules about shelter height and set-back etc, but do not require shelter1.

The rules vary by region. It's important you understand the requirements of the relevant district plan <u>before</u> you start planting or building. Many councils offer a complementary consultation to answer questions and provide guidance.

We also suggest understanding our Principles of Shelter². The guidance provides other principles and recommendations for shelter.

District plan rules to look out for

Below are the descriptions of a few shelter rules to look out for in district plans.

ACPS cloth colour

Generally, only green or black cloth can be used vertically within a specified distance from the boundary. However:

- white or other colour may be used if written approval from neighbouring properties is obtained.
- white or other colour may be used for vertical artificial screens (screens between rows of vines).
- Any colour may be used horizontally.

Set-backs

The minimum distance a shelterbelt or ACPS is from a boundary.

¹Far North District Council requires shelterbelts in the rural living (residential) zone when it borders the rural production (orchard/farms) zone; but only required when there is a change of land use. Note Northland Regional Council has a definition of 'effective shelter' with regard to spray buffer requirements; however, does not require shelter.

² Principles of shelter guidance is available on the NZKGI website or the Zespri Crop Protection Standard on Canopy.



Height and daylighting

Height restrictions allow for adequate levels of sunlight and daylight to reach neighbouring properties throughout the year. Some district plans exempt structures and shelterbelts from daylighting requirements.

District plans

Far North District Plan	Far North District Plan
Auckland Unitary Plan Note: this is a is a unitary plan including both regional and district plan rules	Auckland Unitary Plan
Waipā District Plan	Waipā District Plan
Western Bay of Plenty District Plan	Western Bay of Plenty District Plan
Whakatāne District Plan	Whakatāne District Plan
Ōpōtiki District Plan	<u>Ōpōtiki District Plan</u>
Tairāwhiti Resource Management Plan (Gisborne)	Tairāwhiti Resource Management Plan
Note: this is a unitary plan including both regional and district plan rules	
Hastings District Plan	Hastings District Plan
Tasman Resource Management Plan Note: this is a unitary plan including both regional and district plan rules	Tasman Resource Management Plan
Whanganui District Plan	Whanganui District Plan